

SOUTH AMERICA

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Dates 1470-1542

Generals Any Instinctive (0-4)

Home Terrain Mountains, Forest, Jungle

Army Trait Domiciled, Great Men, Fortified Camp (50)

| Training Formation | Quality Protection | Shooting Weapon | Charge Melee | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|--|--------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Sacred Litter with protectorate | | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | |
| Tribal | Superior | - | - | | Shoot & Charge (99) | 0 | 1 | 398 |
| Loose | Unprotected | - | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Elite guecha warriors | | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | |
| Formed | Superior | AFP | - | Shoot & Charge | Svinfler & Stakes (77) | 1 | 3 | 637 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | 734 |
| Elite guecha armoured warriors | | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | |
| Formed | Superior | AFP | - | Shoot & Charge | Svinfler & Stakes (91) | 2 | 10 | 434 |
| Loose | Protected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | 495 |
| Guecha warriors | | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | Shoot & Charge | Svinfler & Stakes (60) | 2 | 6 | 331 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | |
| Guecha armoured warriors | | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | Shoot & Charge | Svinfler & Stakes (70) | 3 | 15 | 294 |
| Loose | Protected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | 264 |
| Panches and Colimas slaves | | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | |
| Tribal | Poor | AFP | - | Shoot & Charge | Svinfler & Stakes (42) | 3 | 15 | 294 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | 264 |
| Tribal Skirmishers with Bow | | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | Combat Shy (-76) | 3 | 15 | 294 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | 264 |
| Tribal Skirmishers | | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | Combat Shy (-76) | 3 | 15 | 294 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | 264 |
| Spanish adventurers | | | | Bande | | | | |
| Formed | Superior | HFP | - | Elan | | 0 | 1 | 927 |
| C/L/S | Armoured | Arquebus | Expert Swordsmen | | | | | |

Notes

Allies

Historical Notes

The Muisca, a Chibcha speaking people occupied the central part of present-day Columbia, the Eastern Ranges of the Columbian Andes. They were organized in a confederation that was a loose union of states. The central authorities of the south and north were called the zipa and zaque respectively.

In 1470 zipa Saguamanchica conquered the Sutagao at the battle of Pasca. He apparently led an army of 30,000 warriors. In 1490 he led another army against the zaque Michuá who reportedly had an army of 60,000 warriors. His army won the battle, but both leaders were killed.

The Spanish conquistadors entered Muisca territory in 1537. In 1538 a new settlement Santafé de Bogotá was founded as the capital of the New Kingdom of Granada. The Spanish allied with zipa Sagipa and fought the Panche with only 50 Spanish soldiers and 12,000 to 20,000 guecha warriors in the Battle of Tocarema on August 20, 1538

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MUZO OR PANCHE

Dates 1470-1580

Generals Any Tribal (No Legendary) (0-4)

Home Terrain Mountains, Forest, Jungle

Army Trait Domiciled, Native Settlement (50), Great Men

| Training Formation | Quality Protection | Shooting Weapon | Charge Melee | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Best Tribal Warriors with Bow | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | HFP | - | | | 0 | 4 | 314 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers with Bow | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | Combat Shy (-76) | 5 | 25 | 294 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Guerilla Warriors | | | Skirmishers | | | | | |
| Tribal | Superior | AFP | - | Scouts | Independent (66), Combat Shy (-99) | 0 | 2 | 422 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Specialist Ambushers | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | HFP | - | | Independent (51), Scouts (26) | 0 | 2 | 339 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Notes | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Allies | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Historical Notes | | | | | | | | |

This list covers tribes of the Magdalena valley. The Panche appear to have pre-dated the invasions of Columbia that took place around 1000 CE. The Spanish allied with the Muisca zipa Sagipa to fight the Panche with only 50 Spanish soldiers and 12,000 to 20,000 guecha warriors in the Battle of Tocarema on August 20, 1538. The Panche then seem to have been quickly suppressed.

The Muzo seem to have arrived with other invaders around 1000 CE. A first attempt to suppress the Muzo by the Luis Lanchero, in 1539 failed. When Pedro de Ursúa founded the city of Tudela close to the Muzo territories in 1552, the Muzo people attacked and razed the newly founded settlement. Another expedition by Luis Lanchero, in 1559 or 1560 succeeded in subjugating the Muzo and Santísima Trinidad de los Muzos was founded on the remains of the earlier settlement.

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NORTHERN MAPUCHE

Dates 1494-1580

Generals Any Tribal (No Legendary) (0-4)

Home Terrain Mountains, Forest

Army Trait Domiciled, Native Settlement (50), Great Men, Inspirational Icon (100)

| Training Formation | Quality Protection | Shooting Weapon | Charge Melee | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Tribal Warriors with Spanish Armour and Longquiquil | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | | 1 | 6 | 330 |
| Loose | Protected | Bow | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Tribal Warriors with Bow | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | Combat Shy (-76) | 6 | 15 | 269 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Guerilla Warriors | | Skirmishers | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Superior | AFP | - | Scouts | Independent (66), Combat Shy (-99) | 3 | 6 | 422 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers with Bow | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | Combat Shy (-76) | 0 | 3 | 294 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | Combat Shy (-76) | 0 | 6 | 264 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | |

Notes

Allies

Historical Notes

The Mapuche occupied what is today central Chile. The northern Mapuche were known as the Picunche. As the Incas expanded southwards they encountered the Pucunche people, the northern branch of the Mapuche people. In a six-year campaign with an army that eventually rose to 50,000 men, the Inca general Sinchiruca had subdued the regions to the north. The Picunche resisted the Incas and were joined by allies to the south, the Antalli, Pincu and Cauqui in opposing the invaders. This alliance was called Purumaucas, the Incan term for "savage enemy" which the Spanish later changed into Promaucaes.

A three-day battle was fought at the Maule river without either side gaining an advantage. Three further days were spent by both sides in their fortified camps before the Purumaucas retired on the seventh day and returned home claiming victory. The Spanish entered Chile from Peru and in 1541 Pedro de Valdivia founded Santiago. The northern Mapuche tribes fought against Spanish conquest but little is known about their resistance.

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TUPI

Dates 1494-1721

Generals Any Tribal (No Legendary) (0-4)

Home Terrain Jungle

Army Trait Domiciled, Native Settlement (50), Great Men

| Training Formation | Quality Protection | Shooting Weapon | Charge Melee | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|--|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Most Aggressive Warriors | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Superior | AFP | - | Aggressive, Shoot & Charge | | 0 | 3 | 732 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Bow | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Aggressive Warriors | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | Aggressive, Shoot & Charge | | 3 | 15 | 594 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Bow | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers with Bow | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | Combat Shy (-76) | | 0 | 3 | 294 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Guerilla Warriors with Firearms | | | Skirmishers | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | HFP | - | Scouts | Independent (51), Combat Shy (-76) | 0 | 1 | 525 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Matchlock Musket | - | | | | | |
| Specialist Ambushers | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | HFP | - | Independent (51), Scouts (26) | | 0 | 2 | 339 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Guerilla Warriors | | | Skirmishers | | | | | |
| Tribal | Superior | AFP | - | Scouts | Independent (66), Combat Shy (-99) | 0 | 2 | 422 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |

Notes

Allies

Historical Notes

Tupi tribes included the Tupinambá, Tupinikin, Tobayara, Potiguar and Tupina. The primary motive for Tupi aggression was not to capture territory but to capture prisoners for ritual slaughter and eating. This in turn led to bloody cycles of vendettas. They originated to the south, probably in the Paraguay basin. As they moved north they displaced the Gé-speaking nations and fragmented into a score of tribes.

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GÉ BRAZILIAN INDIAN

Dates 1494-1721

Generals Any Tribal (No Legendary) (0-4)

Home Terrain Jungle

Army Trait Domiciled, Native Settlement (50), Great Men, Ambushers! (50)

| Training Formation | Quality Protection | Shooting Weapon | Charge Melee | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Best Tribal Warriors with Bow | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | HFP | - | | | 0 | 4 | 314 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers with Bow | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | Combat Shy (-76) | 5 | 25 | 294 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Guerilla Warriors | | Skirmishers | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Superior | AFP | - | Scouts | Independent (66), Combat Shy (-99) | 0 | 6 | 422 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Specialist Ambushers | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | HFP | - | | Independent (51), Scouts (26) | 0 | 3 | 339 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |

Notes

Allies

Historical Notes

Gé-speaking nations included the Waitacá, Aimoré, Coroado, Puri and Cariri (or Tacaniju). They probably inhabited the Atlantic coast before being evicted by the Tupi. The Gé-speaking people then occupied the open plateau and scrublands of central and eastern Brazil and tended to avoid forested areas. The Waitacá were based at the swampy mouth of the (southern) Paraíba river (between the São Tomé and Espírito Santo captaincies) and near the Lagos Feia ('Ugly Lagoon') on the Campos dos Guaitacazes ('Plain of the Waitac'), but may have occupied a larger area. Waitacá is a modern phonetic spelling of the tribe's name; colonists called them Goya-taka, Waitacazes or Ouetacazes. Although continually at war, they survived the Tupi invasions, and survived the Portuguese invasion for 100 years.

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INCAN EMPIRE

Dates 1494-1572

Generals Any (0-4)

Home Terrain Mountains, Cultivated

Army Trait Domiciled, Great Men, Fortified Camp (50), Mobile Camp (20)

| Training Formation | Quality Protection | Shooting Weapon | Charge Melee | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|--|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---|-----|-----|-----|
| Sacred Litter with protectorate | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Superior | - | - | | Shoot & Charge (99) | 0 | 1 | 398 |
| Loose | Unprotected | - | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Cusco Imperial Guard | | | Close Combat Foot | | | | | |
| Drilled | Superior | AFP | Polearm | Fleet of Foot | Shoot & Charge (66) | 0 | 1 | 624 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | Polearm | | | | | |
| Hauminca captains and veterans | | | Close Combat Foot | | | | | |
| Drilled | Superior | AFP | - | Fleet of Foot | Shoot & Charge (66) | 0 | 3 | 590 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | Expert Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Incan auqua | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Drilled | Average | AFP | - | | Shoot & Charge (77), Combat Shy (-115) | 3 | 15 | 511 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | 15 | |
| Auqua swordsmen | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Drilled | Average | AFP | - | | Shoot & Charge (77) | 0 | 2 | 549 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Incan Skirmishers | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Formed | Average | AFP | - | | Combat Shy (-76) | 3 | 15 | 315 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | |
| Incan Cavalry | | | Horse | | | | | |
| Formed | Average | - | Light Lance | | | 0 | 2 | 289 |
| Close | Unprotected | - | - | | | | | |
| Captured Guns | | | Artillery | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | LFP | - | | Combat Shy (-38) | 0 | 1 | 237 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Light Art | - | | | | | |
| Armed Civilians | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Poor | - | - | | Combat Shy (-80) | 0 | 1 | 187 |
| Loose | Unprotected | - | - | | | | | |
| Best Tribal Warriors with Bow | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | HFP | - | | | 0 | 2 | 314 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Tribal Warriors with Bow | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | Combat Shy (-76) | 0 | 4 | 269 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Tribal Warriors | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | Shoot & Charge | 0 | 15 | 434 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-----------|------------------|--------------------------|--|---|---|-----|
| Tribal Warriors with Long Spear | | | | Melee Irregulars | | 0 | 2 | 383 |
| Tribal | Average | - | Long Spear | | | | | |
| Loose | Unprotected | - | Long Spear | | | | | |
| Aggressive Warriors | | | | Melee Irregulars | | Aggressive, Shoot & Charge | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | | 0 | 4 | 594 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Bow | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Guerilla Warriors | | | | Skirmishers | | Scouts Independent (66), Combat Shy (-99) | | |
| Tribal | Superior | AFP | - | | | 0 | 4 | 422 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Spanish Lancers | | | | Western Horse | | Aggressive | | |
| Formed | Superior | - | Charging Lancer | | | 0 | 3 | 718 |
| Loose | Armoured | - | Expert Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Spanish Sword and Bucklemen | | | | Close Combat Foot | | Elan | | |
| Formed | Superior | - | - | | | 0 | 2 | 702 |
| C/L | Armoured | - | Expert Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Spanish Arquebusiers and Crossbowmen | | | | Skirmishers | | Steady | | |
| Formed | Superior | HFP | - | | | 0 | 1 | 880 |
| L/S | Armoured | Arquebus | - | | | | | |
| Spanish Guns | | | | Artillery | | | | |
| Formed | Average | HFP | - | | | 0 | 1 | 465 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Light Art | - | | | | | |
| Notes | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Allies | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Historical Notes | | | | | | | | |

The Inca civilization arose from the highlands of Peru sometime in the early 13th century. Under the leadership of Manco Cápac, the Inca formed the small city-state Kingdom of Cusco. In 1438, they began a far-reaching expansion under the command of Sapa Inca (paramount leader) Pachacuti-Cusi Yupanqui. He conquered the Chankas. Traditionally the son of the Inca ruler led the army. Pachacuti's son Túpac Inca Yupanqui began conquests to the north in 1463 and continued them as Inca ruler after Pachacuti's death in 1471. Túpac Inca's most important conquest was the Canari Kingdom of Chimor, the Inca's only serious rival for the Peruvian coast. Túpac Inca's empire stretched north into modern-day Ecuador and Colombia but to the south was stopped by the Mapuche. Spanish conquistadors led by Francisco Pizarro reached Inca territory by 1526. After another expedition in 1529 Pizarro travelled to Spain and received royal approval to conquer the region and be its viceroy. When they returned to Peru in 1532, a war of brothers between the sons of Huayna Capac, Huáscar and Atahualpa, the spread of smallpox and unrest among newly conquered territories weakened the empire. Through bluff and deception the Spanish captured Atahualpa and the Inca Empire. Atahualpa's brother Manco Inca Yupanqui was installed by the Spanish while they suppressed resistance in the north. Manco Inca then retreated to the mountains of Vilcabamba and established the small Neo-Inca State, where he and his successors ruled for another 36 years until Túpac Amaru, Manco's son, was captured and executed in 1572.

Dates 1494-1555

Generals Any Tribal (No Legendary) (0-4)

Home Terrain Mountains, Forest, Jungle

Army Trait Domiciled, Native Settlement (50), Great Men

| Training Formation | Quality Protection | Shooting Weapon | Charge Melee | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Best Tribal Warriors | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Superior | AFP | - | Shoot & Charge | | 0 | 3 | 538 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | |
| Best Melee Specialist Tribal Warriors | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Superior | AFP | - | Shoot & Charge | | 0 | 3 | 637 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Tribal Warriors | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | Shoot & Charge | | 3 | 15 | 434 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers with Bow | | Missile Irregulars | | | Combat Shy (-76) | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | | 3 | 15 | 294 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Specialist Ambushers | | Missile Irregulars | | | Independent (51), Scouts (26) | | | |
| Tribal | Average | HFP | - | | | 0 | 2 | 339 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Spanish Lancers | | Western Horse | | | | | | |
| Formed | Superior | - | Charging Lancer | Aggressive | | 0 | 3 | 718 |
| Loose | Armoured | - | Expert Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Spanish Sword and Bucklemen | | Close Combat Foot | | | Elan | | | |
| Formed | Superior | - | - | | | 0 | 2 | 702 |
| C/L | Armoured | - | Expert Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Spanish Arquebusiers and Crossbowmen | | Skirmishers | | | Steady | | | |
| Formed | Superior | HFP | - | | | 0 | 1 | 880 |
| L/S | Armoured | Arquebus | - | | | | | |
| Spanish Guns | | Artillery | | | | | | |
| Formed | Average | HFP | - | | | 0 | 1 | 465 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Light Art | - | | | | | |

Notes

Allies

Historical Notes

The Aruak and Carib speaking nations were inhabitants of the Amazon basin and part of a language group that spreads through central American as far as Florida. Jesuits in the 16th century reported large cities in the Amazon basin. Until recently these accounts had been dismissed. Archaeological surveys have however discovered huge sites now covered in jungle.

| | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Dates | 1494-1580 | | | | | |
| Generals | Any Tribal (No Legendary) (0-4) | | | | | |
| Home Terrain | Mountains, Forest, Jungle | | | | | |
| Army Trait | Domiciled, Native Settlement (50), Great Men | | | | | |

| Training Formation | Quality Protection | Shooting Weapon | Charge Melee | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|---|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| Best Tribal Warriors with Long Spear | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Superior | - | Long Spear | | | 0 | 3 | 497 |
| Loose | Unprotected | - | Long Spear | | | | | |
| Tribal Warriors with Long Spear | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | - | Long Spear | | | 3 | 15 | 383 |
| Loose | Unprotected | - | Long Spear | | | | | |
| Melee Specialist Tribal Warriors | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | Shoot & Charge | | 0 | 3 | 511 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers with Bow | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | Combat Shy (-76) | | 0 | 6 | 294 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | Combat Shy (-76) | | 2 | 10 | 264 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | |
| Specialist Ambushers | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | HFP | - | Independent (51), Scouts (26) | | 0 | 2 | 339 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |

Notes

Allies

Historical Notes

The main weapon used by the Colombian tribes were spears up to 14 feet long. Other weapons included clubs, Javs, arrows and slingshots. The Guayupe and Sae used round shields of tapir or manatee hide. The Achagua used shields woven from cane.

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PAEZ

Dates 1494-1580

Generals Any Tribal (No Legendary) (0-4)

Home Terrain Mountains, Forest, Jungle

Army Trait Domiciled, Native Settlement (50), Great Men

| Training Formation | Quality Protection | Shooting Weapon | Charge Melee | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|---|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Best Tribal Warriors with Pike | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Superior | - | Pike | | | 0 | 3 | 547 |
| C/L | Unprotected | - | Pike | | | | | |
| Tribal Warriors with Pike | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | - | Pike | | | 3 | 15 | 421 |
| C/L | Unprotected | - | Pike | | | | | |
| Melee Specialist Tribal Warriors | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | Shoot & Charge | | 0 | 3 | 511 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers with Bow | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | Combat Shy (-76) | 0 | 6 | 294 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | Combat Shy (-76) | 2 | 10 | 264 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | |
| Specialist Ambushers | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | HFP | - | | Independent (51), Scouts (26) | 0 | 2 | 339 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |

Notes

Allies

Historical Notes

The Paez were a tribe who were enemies of the Muisca confederation and fought the Spanish. According to the Spanish, the Paez were armed with spears up to 28 feet in length made from the wood of the Chonta palm. Shields were of jaguar, puma and bear skins.

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CANARI

Dates 1494-1533

Generals Any Tribal (No Legendary) (0-4)

Home Terrain Mountains, Forest, Jungle

Army Trait Domiciled, Native Settlement (50), Great Men

| Training Formation | Quality Protection | Shooting Weapon | Charge Melee | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|---|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| Best Tribal Warriors with Long Spear | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Superior | - | Long Spear | | | 0 | 3 | 497 |
| Loose | Unprotected | - | Long Spear | | | | | |
| Tribal Warriors with Long Spear | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | - | Long Spear | | | 6 | 15 | 383 |
| Loose | Unprotected | - | Long Spear | | | | | |
| Melee Specialist Tribal Warriors | | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | Shoot & Charge | | 0 | 3 | 511 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers with Bow | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | Combat Shy (-76) | | 0 | 6 | 294 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers | | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | Combat Shy (-76) | | 0 | 10 | 264 |
| L/S | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | |
| Notes | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Allies | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Historical Notes | | | | | | | | |

The Cañari are an indigenous ethnic group traditionally inhabiting the territory of the modern provinces of Azuay and Cañar in Ecuador. They are descended from the independent pre-Columbian tribal confederation of the same name. The historic people are particularly noted for their resistance against the Inca Empire. Eventually conquered by the Inca in the early 16th century shortly before the arrival of the Spanish, the Cañari later allied with the Spanish against the Inca.

During the Inca Civil War between the sons of Huayna Capac, the Cañari chose to support Huáscar, despite being positioned in the northern area inherited by the son and heir Atahualpa. Initially, Huáscar's generals Atoc and Hango were successful, defeating Atahualpa's army, capturing many of his soldiers, and seizing the large cities Cajamarca and Tumebamba. Aided by his father's loyal generals, Atahualpa managed to rout the Huáscaran army in the battles of Mullihambato and Chimborazo. This forced the interlopers back to the south. He captured and executed Huáscar's generals and executed the Cañari supporters once he reached Tumebamba.

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SHUAR

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Dates | 1494-1599 |
| Generals | Any Tribal (No Legendary) (0-4) |
| Home Terrain | Mountains, Waterside, Jungle |
| Army Trait | Domiciled, Native Settlement (50), Great Men (50) |

| Training Formation | Quality Protection | Shooting Weapon | Charge Melee | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Fiercest Kakáram | | Melee Irregulars | | Aggressive, Impetuous, Reckless Pursuit | | 0 | 4 | 398 |
| Tribal | Superior | - | - | | | | | |
| Loose | Unprotected | - | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Kakáram | | Melee Irregulars | | Aggressive, Impetuous, Reckless Pursuit | | 4 | 10 | 268 |
| Tribal | Average | - | - | | | | | |
| Loose | Unprotected | - | - | | | | | |
| Guerilla Warriors | | Skirmishers | | Scouts | Independent (66), Combat Shy (-99) | 0 | 6 | 425 |
| Tribal | Superior | AFP | - | | | | | |
| L/S | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Archers | | Skirmishers | | Combat Shy | Scouts (26) | 0 | 4 | 243 |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | | | | |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |

Notes

Allies

Only in 1527, Canari

Historical Notes

The Shuar are included here as opponents for the Inca and Canari. The start date is arbitrary, as no-one knows when the Shuar came into being. The dates here are for the conflict with Huayna Capac and his Inca penetration at the Chinchipe River basin. The Shuar defeated the Inca in 1527 causing them to retreat from Shuar territory. The Shuar also fought the Canari and ejected them from the Loja province.

The Shuar came into conflict with the Spanish in 1540. Pizarros expedition accomished little during this time, and were more likely precocupied with the Guerras Civiles. A second expedition in 1557 under Juan de Salinas Loyola was more successful and the Shuar lands were annexed to the Spanish Crown. Two settlements were founded Valladolid and Loloya in Shuar lands, but did not attract new settlers. The Spaniards noted about Shaur behaviour about their reluctance to be Christianised and unrest for independance. In 1599 the Shuar destroyed several Spanish settlements. The documented scale of the attack is contested, but the outcome was that the Spanish left these settlements by the end of the 16th Century.

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SPANISH IN PERU

Dates 1526-1555

Generals Any Professional (0-4)

Home Terrain Mountains, Waterside, Jungle

Army Trait Great Men

| Training | Quality | Shooting | Charge | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|---|-------------|----------|------------------|--------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| Formation | Protection | Weapon | Melee | | | | | |
| Fresh Spanish Cavalry | | | | Western Horse | | | | |
| Formed | Superior | - | Charging Lancer | Aggressive | | 1 | | 718 |
| Loose | Armoured | - | Expert Swordsmen | | | | 4 | |
| | | | | | | 0 | | |
| Spanish Cavalry | | | | Western Horse | | | | |
| Formed | Average | - | Charging Lancer | Aggressive | | 4 | | 440 |
| Loose | Protected | - | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Up to, and including, 1549 | | | | | | | | |
| Spanish Sword & Bucklermen | | | | Close Combat Foot | | | | |
| Drilled | Superior | - | - | Elan | | 3 | | 796 |
| C/L | Armoured | - | Expert Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Spanish Foot | | | | Close Combat Foot | | | | |
| Formed | Superior | - | - | Elan | | 3 | 3 | 702 |
| C/L | Armoured | - | Expert Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Spanish adventurers | | | | Bande | | | | |
| Formed | Superior | HFP | - | Elan | | 3 | | 927 |
| C/L/S | Armoured | Arquebus | Expert Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Spanish Militia Foot | | | | Close Combat Foot | | | | |
| Formed | Average | - | - | | | 2 | 5 | 432 |
| C/L | Armoured | - | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Spanish Arquebusiers and Crossbowmen | | | | Skirmishers | | | | |
| Formed | Superior | HFP | - | Steady | | 1 | 3 | 880 |
| L/S | Armoured | Arquebus | - | | | | | |
| After 1550 replace all foot as | | | | | | | | |
| Makeshift Tercio | | | | Pike & Shot | | | | |
| Formed | Average | AFP | Pike | Steady | | 1 | 5 | 630 |
| Close | Protected | Arquebus | Pike | | | | | |
| Makeshift Militia Tercio | | | | Pike & Shot | | | | |
| Formed | Average | AFP | Pike | | | 2 | 5 | 482 |
| Close | Unprotected | Arquebus | Pike | | | | | |

Tribal Minimums only apply if any Tribal troops are used

| Tribal Warriors | | | Melee Irregulars | | Shoot & Charge | 3 | 10 | 434 | |
|--------------------------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|--|------------------|-------------|----|-----|-----|
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | | | | | |
| Loose | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | | |
| Tribal Warriors with Bow | | | Missile Irregulars | | Combat Shy (-76) | 2 | 10 | 269 | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | | | | | |
| Loose | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | | |
| Archers | | | Skirmishers | | Combat Shy | Scouts (26) | 0 | 4 | 243 |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | | | | | |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | | |
| Slingers | | | Skirmishers | | Combat Shy | Scouts (26) | 0 | 3 | 213 |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | | | | | |
| L/S | Unprotected | Sling / Javelins | - | | | | | | |
| Light Guns | | | Artillery | | Barricades (60) | 0 | 1 | 353 | |
| Formed | Average | AFP | - | | | | | | |
| Loose | Unprotected | Light Art | - | | | | | | |

Notes

Allies

None

Notes

In December 1532, a party of conquistadors led by Francisco Pizarro defeated and captured the Inca Emperor Atahualpa in the Battle of Cajamarca. The Spanish conquest of Peru was one of the most important campaigns in the Spanish colonization of the Americas. After years of preliminary exploration and military conflicts, it was the first step in a long campaign that took decades of fighting but ended in Spanish victory and colonization of the region known as the Viceroyalty of Peru with its capital at Lima, which became known as "The City of Kings". The conquest of Peru led to spin-off campaigns throughout the viceroyalty as well as expeditions towards the Amazon Basin as in the case of Spanish efforts to quell Amerindian resistance. The last Inca resistance was suppressed when the Spaniards annihilated the Neo-Inca State in Vilcabamba in 1572.

List Version

Sep 21 Beta

Points Version Sep 21 beta - 44469.4365701389 updated

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SOUTHERN MAPUCHE

Dates 1536-1721

Generals Any Tribal (No Legendary) (0-4)

Home Terrain Mountains, Waterside

Army Trait Domiciled, Native Settlement (50), Great Men

| Training Formation | Quality Protection | Shooting Weapon | Charge Melee | Characteristics | Option | Min | Max | Pts |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Tribal Warriors with Spanish Armour and Longquiquil | | Missile Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | | 1 | 6 | 330 |
| Loose | Protected | Bow | Swordsmen | | | | | |
| Tribal Warriors with Long Spear | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | - | Long Spear | | | 4 | 15 | 383 |
| Loose | Unprotected | - | Long Spear | | | | | |
| Tribal Warriors in mixed formations | | Melee Irregulars | | | | | | |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | Long Spear | | | | | 518 |
| Loose | Unprotected | Bow | Long Spear | | | | | |
| Guerilla Warriors | | Skirmishers | | Scouts | Independent (66), Combat Shy (-99) | 3 | 6 | 422 |
| Tribal | Superior | AFP | - | | | | | |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Guerilla Warriors with Firearms | | Skirmishers | | Scouts | Independent (51), Combat Shy (-76) | 0 | 1 | 525 |
| Tribal | Average | HFP | - | | | | | |
| L/S | Unprotected | Matchlock Musket | - | | | | | |
| Tribal Skirmishers with Bow | | Missile Irregulars | | | Combat Shy (-76) | 0 | 4 | 294 |
| Tribal | Average | AFP | - | | | | | |
| L/S | Unprotected | Bow | - | | | | | |
| Tribal Cavalry | | Horse | | | | | | |
| Formed | Average | - | Light Lance | | | 0 | 4 | 289 |
| Loose | Unprotected | - | - | | | | | |

Notes

Allies

Historical Notes

The Southern Mapuche tribes were known as the Huilliches. In 1550 Pedro de Valdivia pressed southward and founded Concepción at the mouth of the Biobío River. In 1553 he and his followers were defeated by the Mapuche under Lautaro. Another chief, Caupolicán, continued the fight until his capture by treachery and subsequent execution by the Spaniards in 1558.

For the next forty years the Mapuche resisted the Spanish, besieging the Spanish settlements. In 1598 a party of warriors led by Pelantaro, who were returning south from a raid, ambushed governor Martín García Óñez de Loyola and 50 troops, killing all but a priest and one soldier. This Disaster at Curalaba marked the end of the "Conquista" period in Chile's history. The news triggered a general revolt that destroyed many Spanish towns. Spain never again attempted to retake those territories.